

Pediatric Dentistry Case Sheet

Department of Dentistry / Al-Safwa University College

Patient's name: Student's name:

Age: Group:

Gender:

Chief Complaint:

Medical History:

Dental behavior and knowledge

1. Do you clean your teeth using toothbrush and toothpaste? Yes
No
2. Do you use fluoridated toothpaste? Yes No I don't know
3. How many times do you brush your teeth a day? 1 2 3 >3
4. Do you change your toothpaste frequently? Yes No
5. Do you replace your toothbrush? Yes No
6. Is there a relation between brushing and dental caries? Yes No
7. When do you brush your teeth? After meals
In the morning
Before going to bed
8. Do you visit the dentist? Routinely At emergency

Treatment plan:-

Senior's Starting Signature

Date	Tooth	Treatment	Sig.

Dentition status (DMFS/dmfs Index)

Right-left	Upper				
	M	O	D	B	L
	7				
	6				
E	5				
D	4				
C	3				
B	2				
A	1				
A	1				
B	2				
C	3				
D	4				
E	5				
	6				
	7				

Left:right	Lower				
	M	O	D	B	L
	7				
	6				
E	5				
D	4				
C	3				
B	2				
A	1				
A	1				
B	2				
C	3				
D	4				
E	5				
	6				
	7				

DS:

MS:

FS:

DMFS:

DMFT:

ds:

ms:

fs:

dmfs:

dmft:

D/d: Decay, M/m: Missing due to caries, F/f: Permanent filling due to caries

Oral Hygiene and Gingival Health Status

Index	Surface	E	B	D	E	B	D	Mean
		6	2	4	6	2	4	
PII	Buccal							
	Mesial							
	Lingual							
	Distal							
GI	Buccal							
	Mesial							
	Lingual							
	Distal							

Index	Surface	E	A	D	E	A	D	Mean
		6	1	4	6	1	4	
Cal I	Buccal							
	Lingual							

Plaque Index (Silness and Loe, 1964)

- 0 No plaque.
- 1 plaque on gingival 1/3 that cannot be seen by naked eye, only by using probe.
- 2 moderate accumulation of plaque on the gingival 1/3, that can be seen by naked eye.
- 3 An abundance of plaque on the gingival 1/3.

Gingival Index (Loe and Silness, 1963)

- 0 No inflammation.
- 1 Mild inflammation, slight redness, edema, no bleeding on probing.
- 2 Moderate inflammation, bleeding on probing.
- 3 Severe inflammation, spontaneous bleeding.

Calculus component of the Periodontal Disease Index (Ramfjord, 1959):

- 0 Absence of calculus.
- 1 Supra gingival calculus.
- 2 Moderate amount of supra gingival and sub gingival calculus or sub gingival calculus alone.
- 3 An abundance of supra gingival and sub gingival calculus.